

Terminal Type Extremely Small DC V/A
Isolated Transducer (AC POWER)
MODEL TZ-1FA
INSTRUCTION MANUAL



Warning

This marking indicates that the erroneous operation of this transducer may result in death or serious injury.



Precautions

- (1) If voltage or current exceeding the input allowable voltage or current is applied to the input terminals, the transducer may be damaged.
- (2) Apply power within the applicable range of the transducer. Otherwise fire, electric shock or transducer damage may result.
- (3) The contents of this instruction manual are subject to change without prior notice.
- (4) This instruction manual is carefully prepared. However, if any mistake or omission is found, contact your nearest Watanabe sales agent or Watanabe directly.
- (5) Make this manual available easily anytime.

Outline

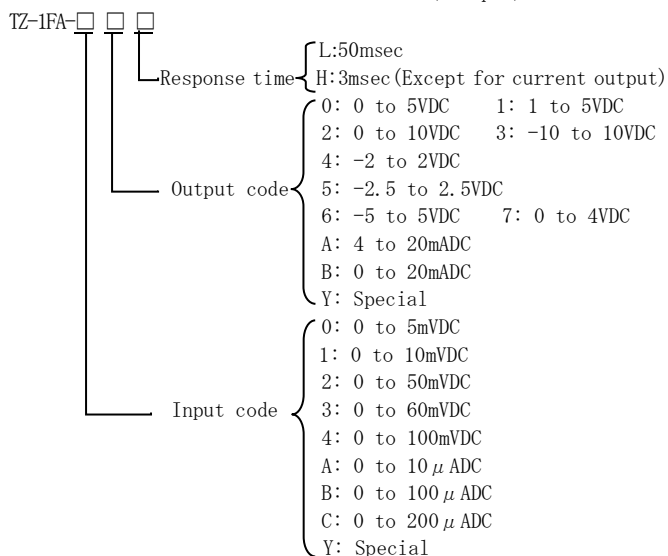
This is a transducer which inputs various Extremely Small DC signals and then outputs their corresponding standardized signals.

It employs a case of terminal board construction used with 3.5 mm screw terminals and can be mounted on DIN rails in one touch. In addition, as its three ports of input, output and power are mutually isolated, an improvement in noise rejection will be further made, and miniaturization of equipment will also be realized.

Model No. Configuration

Each code and the standard specifications of this transducer are as follows. First check whether or not your desired specifications are correct by comparing them to the following specifications.

(Example) TZ-1FA-C2L



Accessories

None

Input Specification

Code No.	Input signal	Input resistance	Input allowable range
0	0 to 5mVDC	More than 1MΩ	-50 to +150%F.S
1	0 to 10mVDC		
2	0 to 50mVDC		
3	0 to 60mVDC		
4	0 to 100mVDC		
A	0 to 10μADC	1kΩ	
B	0 to 100μADC		
C	0 to 200μADC	500Ω	
Y	Other than the above		

For Code No. Y

Limit of specifications

Voltage input : Less than +100 mVDC and more than -100 mVDC

Minimum span : Less than +200 mVDC and more than 5 mVDC

Current input : Less than +5 mADC and more than -5 mADC

Minimum span : Less than +10 mADC and more than 10 μ ADC

Output Specification

Code No.	Output Signal	Allowable Load resistance
0	0 to 5VDC	More than 2kΩ
1	1 to 5VDC	
2	0 to 10VDC	More than 4kΩ
3	-10 to 10VDC	Negative output : more than 10kΩ
4	-2 to 2VDC	More than 2kΩ Negative output : more than 10kΩ
5	-2.5 to 2.5VDC	
6	-5 to 5VDC	
7	0 to 4VDC	More than 2kΩ
A	4 to 20mADC	Less than 550Ω
B	0 to 20mADC	
Y	Other than the above	

For code No. Y

Limit of specifications

Voltage output : Less than +15 VDC and more than -12 VDC

Minimum span : Less than +27 VDC and more than 0.06 VDC

(Load resistance : 10k Ω at the output exceeding 10V, and a negative output)

(Base accuracy : ± 0.15 %F.S and temperature characteristic : ± 0.03 %F.S/ $^{\circ}$ C for a span of less than 1V)

Current output : Less than +20 mADC and more than 0 mADC

Minimum span : Less than +20 mADC and more than 1 mADC

Outputs can be reversed for both voltage and current outputs.

General specifications

Base Accuracy : ± 0.1 %F.S (At $25 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C)

Power supply variation : ± 0.06 %F.S

Load resistance variation : ± 0.06 %F.S

Temperature characteristic : ± 0.02 %F.S/ $^{\circ}$ C

Response time : Less than 50msec or 3msec (TYP) (0 \rightarrow 90%)

Front adjustments : $\pm 5\%$ for zero and span

Insulation resistance : Between input and output/power supply ; More than 100M Ω at 500 VDC

Dielectric strength : Between input and output/power supply ; For 1 min. at 2000VAC

Power supply voltage : 100 to 240VAC ± 10 %

Consuming current : Less than 20mA (100VAC at voltage output)

Less than 30mA (100VAC at current output)

Operating ambient temperature : -5 to 50° C

Operating ambient humidity : Less than 90 %RH (No-condensing)

Storage temperature : -10 to 70° C

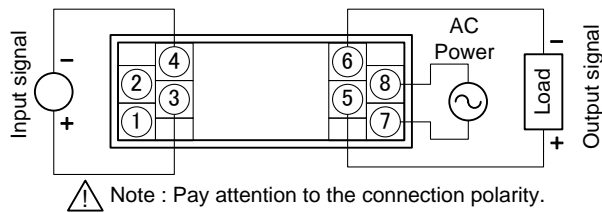
Storage humidity : Less than 60 %RH (No-condensing)

Case material : ABS rasin (Black) 94V-2

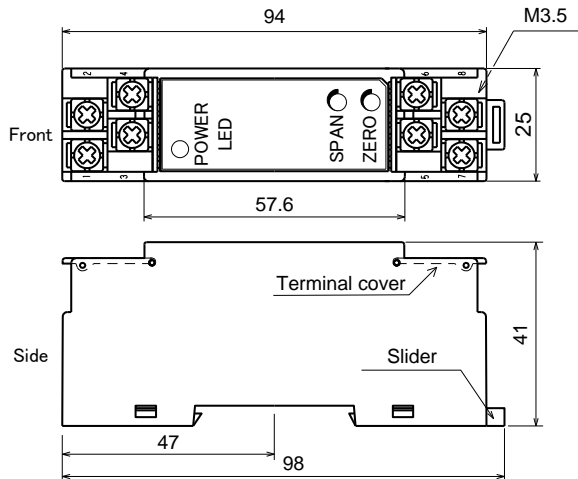
Weight : Approx. 80g

Vibration resistance : Frequency: 10 to 55Hz; ampliutde(half) : 0.15mm to 10 sweeps of 5 min each in X, Y, and Z directions

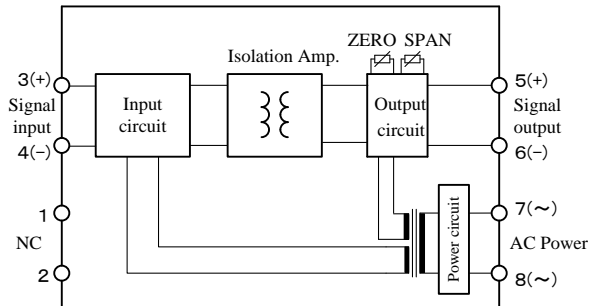
Input/Output connection diagram



Dimensions



Block diagram TZ-1FA



Adjustment

This transducer is designed so that its zero point and span can be externally adjusted. However, its zero and span are not necessary to be adjusted as they have already been adjusted at the factory prior to shipment.

However, when it is periodically calibrated in order to maintain the accuracy for a long period of time, conduct its calibration using an accurate measuring instrument after more than 30 minutes following power-ON. In this case, use a standard measuring instrument having accuracy 10 times higher than that of this transducer.

Zero Adjustment

Apply the minimum input signal to the input terminals, and then turn the ZERO trimmer until output signal reaches the minimum value described in the output specification.

Span Adjustment

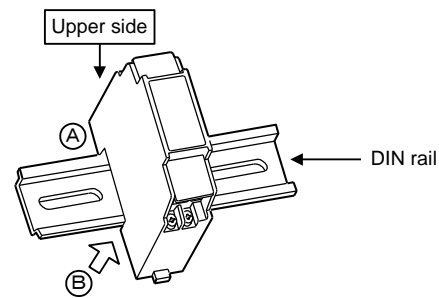
Apply the maximum input signal to the input terminals, and then turn the SPAN trimmer until output signal reaches the maximum value described in the output specification.

Repeat the above procedures a few times so that the minimum and maximum output signals are within the values described in the output specification when switched from the minimum to the maximum and vice versa.

Mounting/dismounting

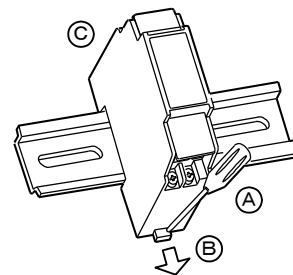
Mounting

- Engage the upper side of the transducer with the rail.
- Push the lower side of the transducer into the rail.



Dismounting

- Push down the slider using a screwdriver
- Pull the transducer toward you, then disengage the lower side of the transducer from the rail.
- Disengage the upper side of the transducer from the rail.



Note :

If the transducer is dislocated after its mounting, it is recommended that a clamp be used.

Caution

- Store the transducer at a storage temperature of -10 to $+70^{\circ}\text{C}$ and a humidity of less than 60 % RH.
- Use the transducer at a location where there are no chemicals or gases harmful to electrical parts or there is no dust.
- Do not apply any vibration or impact to the transducer.
- In order to lessen the effect of noise, etc., do not bundle the input/output/communication wires with the power supply wires, nor put these wires in the same duct. In addition, the method of using a shield line is also effective.
- The unit is designed to function as soon as power is supplied, however, a warm up for 30 minutes is required for satisfying complete performance described in the data sheet.

Warranty

This transducer is warranted for a period of one year from date of delivery. Any defect which occurs in this period and is undoubtedly caused by Watanabe's faults will be remedied free of charge. This warranty does not apply to the transducer showing abuse or damage which has been altered or repaired by others except as authorized by WATANABE ELECTRIC INDUSTRY Co., Ltd.

After-sale service

This transducer is delivered after being manufactured, tested and inspected, under strict quality control. However, if any problem does occur, contact your nearest Watanabe sales agent or Watanabe directly giving as much information on problem as possible.

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