

Digital Scaling Panel Meter A5□□□-17-□□ Load cell measurement Unit User's Manual

Thank you for purchasing our Digital Scaling Panel Meter (A5000 series).
This manual describes how to handle and connect this product.
If the product has a communication function, please download and read
the communication user's manual from our website.

(<https://www.watanabe-electric.co.jp/en/>)

SUPPLIED ITEMS

Meter	1 unit
Mounting bracket (installed)	2 pieces
Mounting bracket fixing screws (installed)	2 pieces
Power terminal (installed)	1 piece (2P)
Input terminal (installed)	1 piece (5P)
External control terminal (installed)	1 piece (4P)
Comparison output terminal (installed*)	1 piece (8P) * When optional output is selected
Analog output terminal (installed*)	1 piece (3P) * When optional output is selected
Unit label	1 sheet
User's manual (this manual)	1 part

1. BEFORE USING THE PRODUCT

1-1. Model Codes

Please make sure that the product you receive matches the model codes of your order.

A5 ① ② ③ - ④ - ⑤

Series	① Power supply	② Display	③ Output	④ Input	⑤ Identification	Description
A5						A5000 series
	1					100 to 240VAC $\pm 10\%$
	2					9 to 60VDC
		1				Single display
		2				Multi-display
			0			None
			1			Comparison outputs
			2			Analog output
			3			RS-232C communication
			4			RS-485 communication
			5			Comparison outputs + Analog output
			6			Comparison outputs + Analog output + RS-232C communication
			7			Comparison outputs + Analog output + RS-485 communication
				01		DC voltage measurement ($\pm 99.99\text{mV}$)
				02		DC voltage measurement ($\pm 999.9\text{mV}$ / $\pm 9.999\text{V}$ / $\pm 99.99\text{V}$ / $\pm 600\text{V}$)
				03		DC current measurement ($\pm 9.999\text{mA}$ / $\pm 99.99\text{mA}$ / $\pm 999.9\text{mA}$)
				04		AC voltage measurement (Average) (99.99mV/999.9mV/9.999V)
				05		AC voltage measurement (Average) (99.99V/600V)
				06		AC voltage measurement (True RMS) (99.99mV/999.9mV/9.999V)
				07		AC voltage measurement (True RMS) (99.99V/600V)
				08		AC current measurement (Average) (9.999mA/99.99mA/999.9mA)
				09		AC high current measurement (Average) (5A)
				10		AC current measurement (True RMS) (9.999mA/99.99mA/999.9mA)
				11		AC high current measurement (True RMS) (5A)
				12		Resistance measurement
				13		Thermocouple measurement
				14		Resistance temperature detector measurement
				15		Frequency measurement (Open Collector, Logic, Magnetic)
				16		Frequency measurement (Input 50V to 500Vrms)
				17		Load cell measurement (Strain gauge)
				18		Process signal measurement (1 to 5V/4 to 20mA)
				R1		Standard
				S1		Custom

* If the comparison output is not selected for the above product models, the HI, GO, and LO judgment indicators (lamps) will not turn on.

2. PRECAUTIONS FOR USE

2-1. Environments and Conditions of Use

Please do not use the product under the following circumstances.
It might cause malfunctions and shortening the life.

- 1) Ambient temperature of out of 0 to 50°C.
- 2) Ambient humidity of out of 35 to 85%, or freezing condensing.
- 3) High dust or metallic powder level.
(Storing in a dust-proof chassis and a countermeasure against heat dissipation are required.)
- 4) Environment of corrosive gas, salty air or oily smoke.
- 5) Environment of much vibration or impact.
- 6) Environment of rain or water drops (Except the front panel).
- 7) Environment of strong electromagnetic field or much exogenous noise.

Conditions of use

- 1) Please use this equipment at an altitude of up to 2000 m.
- 2) This equipment is compliant with installation Category II and Pollution Degree 2 environment.

WARNING

- ① Do not use this product as a part of equipment which aimed at life maintenance of human bodies.
- ② Please avoid usages of this product which bring physical accident or property damage when it breaks down.

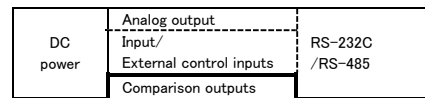
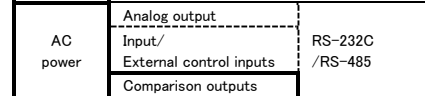
CAUTION

- ① Please avoid live line works. It may cause an electric shock, troubles or a burnout of the product by the short circuit or a fire.
- ② Paying attention to the circuit diagram, connect wires to this product carefully. An inappropriate connection may cause troubles of the product, a fire or an electric shock.
- ③ Please use the power supply voltage, input and load within the specification range. Otherwise, it may result in a fire, electrical shock, or malfunction.
- ④ Never attempt to disassemble or modify this product. It may cause a breakdown, an electric shock or a fire.
- ⑤ This product is a precision measuring instrument. Please be careful not to add the strong shock to this product by falls and so on.
- ⑥ Please use wire which has appropriate specifications. Inappropriate wire may cause a fire because of heat generation.
- ⑦ After tightening screws, confirm that the screws do not loosen. A looseness of screws may cause a malfunction of the product, a fire or an electric shock.
- ⑧ An excessive tightening of screws may damage terminals or screws. A poor tightening of screws may cause a malfunction of the product, a fire or an electric shock.
- ⑨ This product is a general-purpose product for general industrial use. Please take safety measures to prevent danger in the unlikely event that this product breaks down or an abnormality occurs due to external factors.

2-2. Installation and Connection

- 1) Please read this manual carefully before setting and connecting, be performed by a person having a specialized technique.
The insulation class of this product is as shown by the figure below. Please confirm that the insulation class satisfies a use condition prior to setting.

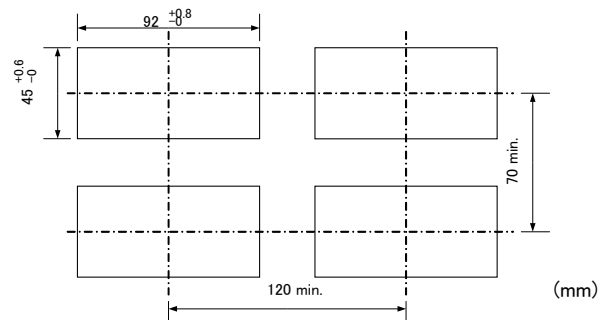
Reinforced Insulation Basic Insulation Functional Insulation



- 2) Do not wire the power supply line, input signal lines and output signal lines near noise sources or relay drive lines.
- 3) Do not bundle the lines with noise-generating lines or store them in the same duct, as this may cause malfunction.
- 4) This product works functionally normally right after power activation, but requires 30 minutes warming to satisfy all performance requirements.

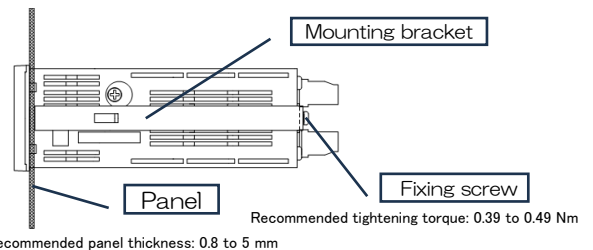
3. DIMENSIONS OF CUTTING PANEL

Panel cut dimensions are as shown by the figure below.



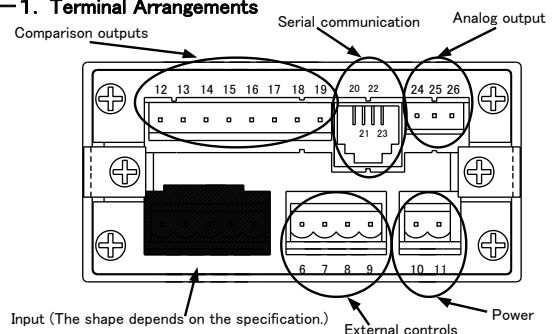
4. PANEL MOUNTING METHOD

When mounting the unit on a panel, remove the two mounting brackets on the sides of the case. Insert it from the front of the panel and fix it with the mounting bracket from the rear of the panel (See the diagram below).



5. CONNECTING TERMINALS

5-1. Terminal Arrangements



5-2. Wiring to Removable Screw Terminal Block

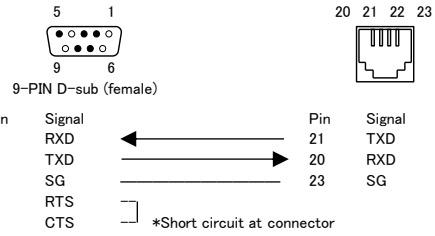
Except for analog output (2P, 4P, 5P, 8P)

- ① Use a flat-head screwdriver to turn the screw and open the wire insertion hole.
(Compatible flat head screwdriver: M2.5 (PH1 thickness of 0.6mm x width of 3.5mm))
- ② Insert the wire into the wire holes and close the holes by turning the screw with a screwdriver.
(Applicable wire: Single wire AWG28-12, Stranded wire AWG30-12 Stripping length: 7-8mm)
Recommended tightening torque: 0.55N·m

Analog output (3P)

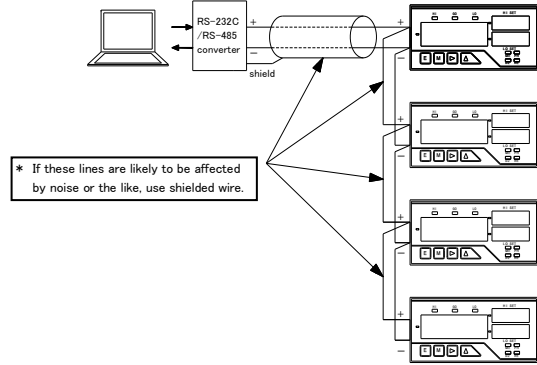
- ① Use a flat-head screwdriver to turn the screw and open the wire insertion hole.
(Compatible flat head screwdriver: M2 (PH0 thickness of 0.4mm x width of 2.5mm))
- ② Insert the wires into the wire holes and close the holes by turning the screws with a screwdriver.
(Applicable wire: Single wire AWG28-14, Stranded wire AWG28-14 Stripping length: 7-8mm)
Recommended tightening torque: 0.22N·m

* When inserting two wires into the above terminals, please use wires of the same material and diameter.



* The host side CTS and RTS terminals connection is a typical example of a connection for hardware control. Please check with the system designer for details before making the connection.

<RS-485 connection example>



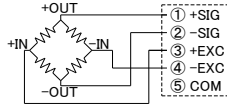
* To enable the termination resistor, short-circuit terminals 21 and 22.

5-3. Terminal Description

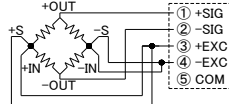
5-3-1. Input Signals

Terminals	Name	Description
1	+SIG	+ input terminal
2	-SIG	- input terminal
3	+EXC	Power output for sensor (+)
4	-EXC	Power output for sensor (-)
5	COM	Common terminal (GND terminal for input)

<Example 4 wire>

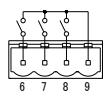


<Example 6 wire>



5-3-2. External Controls

<Wiring example>



Terminals	Name	Description
6	HOLD	Hold function control terminal Enabled when shorted with COM(9) terminal
7	DZ	Digital Zero function control terminal Enabled when shorted with COM(9) terminal
8	PH	Peak hold function control terminal Enabled when shorted with COM(9) terminal
9	COM	External control common terminal

5-3-3. Power

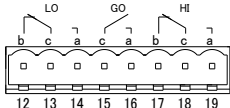


Terminals	Name	Description
10	POWER	Power terminal (Without polarity for both AC and DC)
11	POWER	Power terminal (Without polarity for both AC and DC)

5-3-4. Comparison Outputs (Optional Output Model)

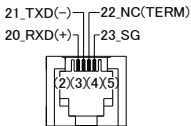
Terminals	Name	Description
12	LO-b	LO output terminal (b-contact) (ON when LO is off)
13	LO-c	Common terminal for LO output (Common)
14	LO-a	LO output terminal (a-contact) (ON when LO is lit)
15	GO-c	Common terminal for GO output (Common)
16	GO-a	GO output terminal (a-contact) (ON when GO is lit)
17	HI-b	HI output terminal (b-contact) (ON when HI is off)
18	HI-c	Common terminal for HI output (Common)
19	HI-a	HI output terminal (a-contact) (ON when HI is lit)

<Internal circuit of relay contact>



5-3-5. Serial Communication (Modular Jack: RJ14 6-pole 4-core) (Optional Output Model)

Terminals	Name	Description
20	RXD	RS-232C receive data terminal
21	TXD	RS-232C transmit data terminal
22	NC	Do not connect this terminal
23	SG	Common terminal for communication function (Circuit signal GND)



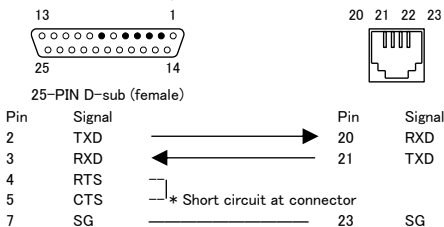
Terminals	Name	Description
20	+	RS-485 non-inverting signal (+)
21	-	RS-485 inverting signal (-)
22	TERM	RS-485 termination resistor terminal
23	SG	Common terminal for communication function (Circuit signal GND)

* If terminals 21 and 22 are shorted, a 200 Ω termination resistor will be enabled.

CAUTION

Do not wire a shield to the "SG" terminal of the instrument. Communication may not be possible.

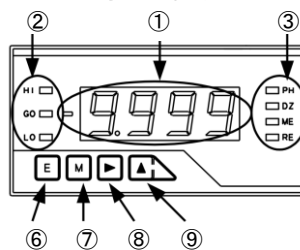
<RS-232C connection example>



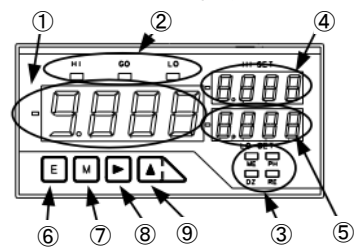
6. COMPONENTS AND THEIR FUNCTION

The front panel design differs depending on the display unit selected.

<Single Display>



<Multi-Display>



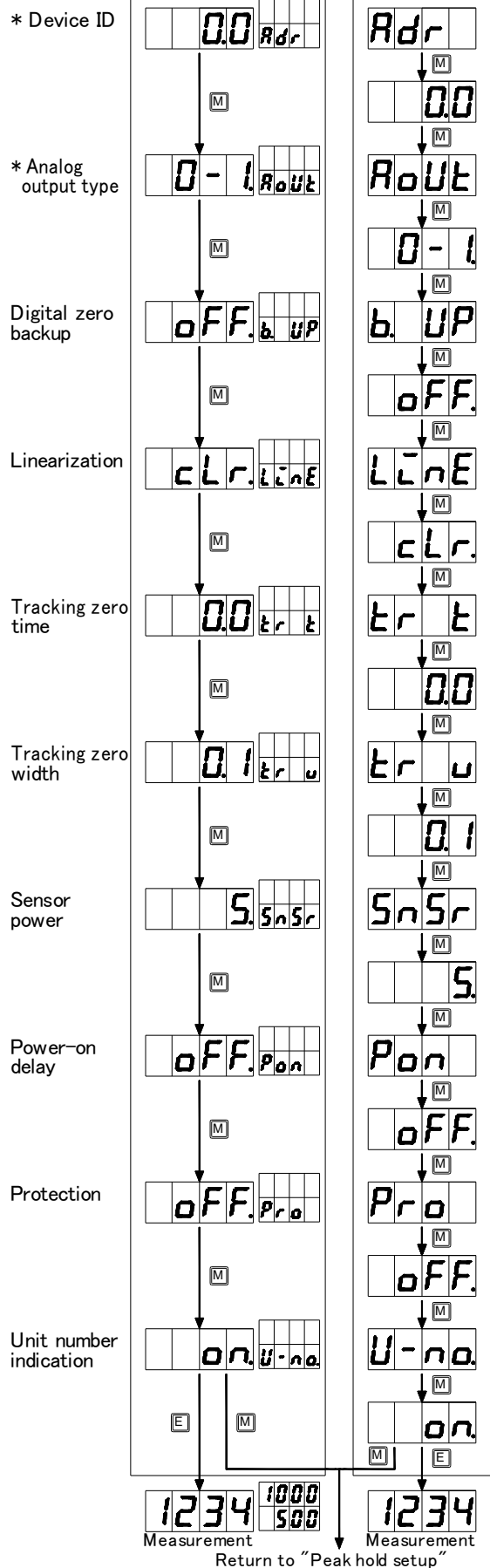
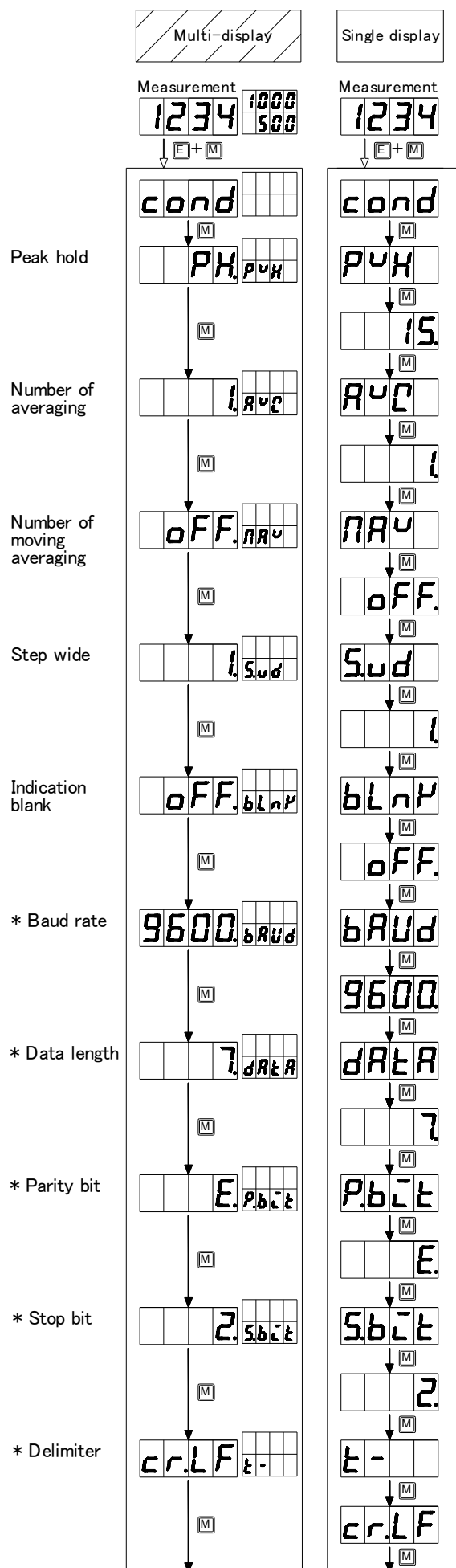
	Name	Main functions
①	Main display	During measurement: • Indicates the measured value. • Indication of contents in each monitor mode. During parameter setup: Indicates information on the parameter to be set.
②	Judgment indicators	HI • Indication of the judgment result. (Lights up when HI judgment value < Measured value) GO • Indication of the judgment result. (Lights up when LO judgment value ≤ Measured value ≤ HI judgment value) LO • Indication of the judgment result. (Lights up when measured value < LO judgment value)
③	Function indicators	PH • Turns on when each holds (PH, VH, PVH) are ON. DZ • Turns on when "Digital Zero" is ON. ME • Turns on when "Digital Zero backup" is ON. RE • Turns on when remotely controlled via communication.
④	Sub display 1 (Top right 7 SEG)	• Indication of HI side judgment value. • Indication of item in each monitor mode.
⑤	Sub display 2 (Bottom right 7 SEG)	• Indication of LO side judgment value. • Indication of contents in each monitor mode.
⑥	Enter key	• Used when changes modes. • Changes from monitor mode to comparison judgment value indicators. • Changes to measured value indicator when in single display. Return to measurement
⑦	Mode key	• Used when changes modes. • Used to turn "Digital Zero" ON/OFF. Selects the item to be set.
⑧	Shift key	• Changes to the shift function setup • Changes to HI judgment value indicator. • Changes monitor mode. (Press and hold for about 1 second.) • Changes to parameter confirmation mode. ((E) + (M)) Change selected digit.
⑨	Increment key	• Used when changes modes. • Used to turn "Digital Zero" ON/OFF • Reset in monitor mode of max/min/(max-min)/Input. (Press and hold for about 1 second.) Changes the value or content of the selected digit. (Increment for values)

* Monitor mode : Indicates input value/max value/min value/(max value - min value)

* ②The judgment indicators turn on only when the comparison output is provided.

7-6. How to Set Condition Data

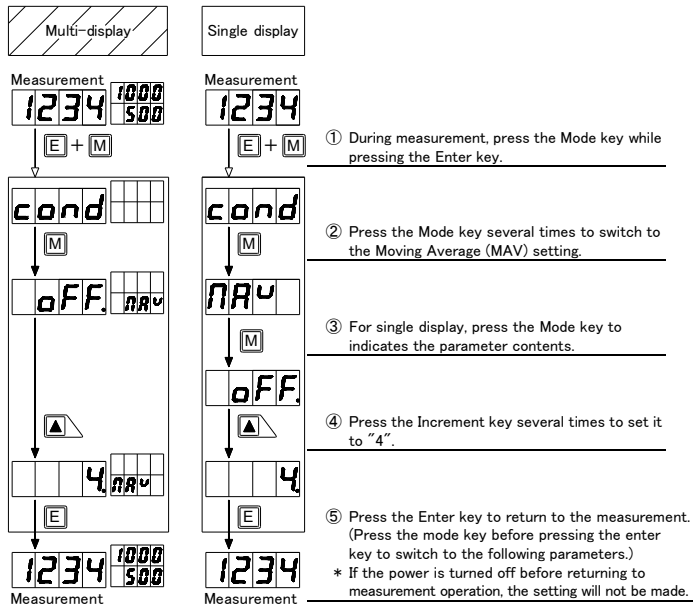
* Items marked with "*" may not be indicated depending on the optional output specifications.



7-6-1. Example of Condition Data Setup

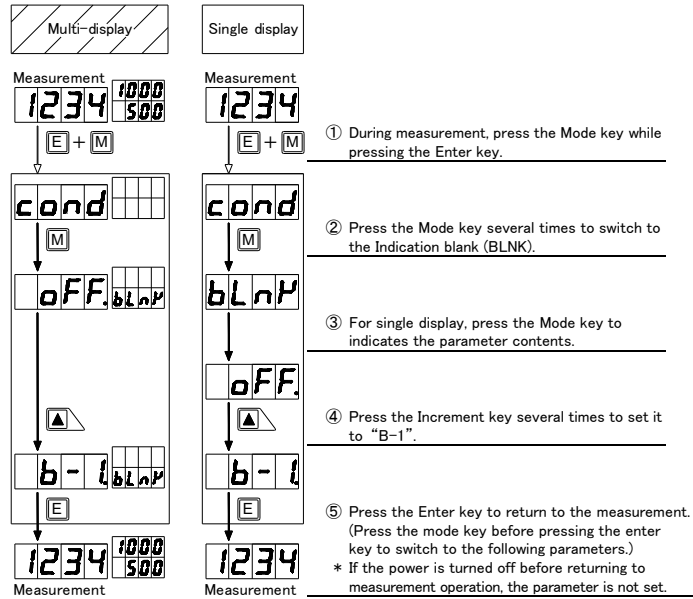
The following is an example of the settings. The other parameters can be set in the same way.

<Moving average counts setting>...How to set the moving average counts to 4.



- * This function allows you to obtain a filtering effect without slowing down the sampling rate.
- * Increasing the number of moving averages increases the filtering effect, but it also slows down the response to transient changes in the input signal.

<Indication blank setup>...How to set the display blank to "B-1".



- * When the indication blank function is ON, the main display and sub display (Multi-display only) will be completely turned off. To turn them on, follow the steps above from step ①. (During parameter setup, the display blank function is turned off and the indication is turn on.) OFF(bright) → B-3 → B-2 → B-1 (dark) → ON (turn off)

7-7. How to Set Scaling Data

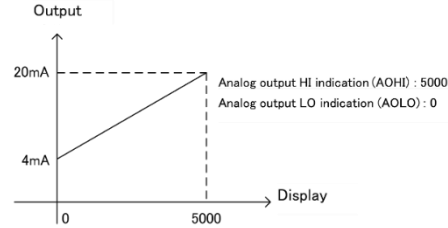
- * When the digital limiter is set, the indicate will not show anything outside the range between DLHI and DLLO, and the DLHI (or DLLO) value will be held (however, if the input signal is over the range, an "OL" will be indicated).

7-7-1. Example of Analog Output Scaling Setup (With Analog Output)

- * For analog output scaling, set the reading value when the max output value output value (1V/10V/5V/20mA) is output to "AOHI", and set the reading value when the min (0V/1V/4mA) is output to "AOLO".
- * Values outside the setting range will not be output correctly.
- * Reverse slope scaling is also possible. (Setting example 2)

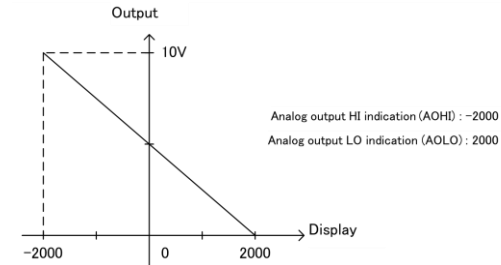
Example 1

We want to set the analog output from 4 to 20mA when reading value changes 0 to 5000.

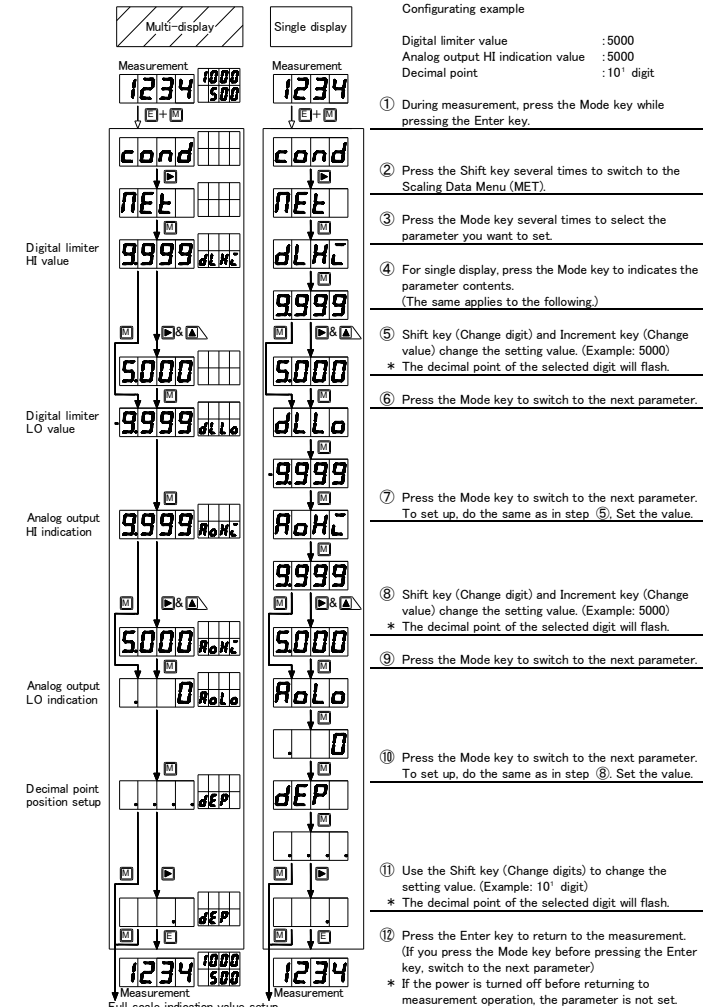


Example 2

We want to set the analog output from 0 to 10V when reading value changes 2000.0 to -200.0.

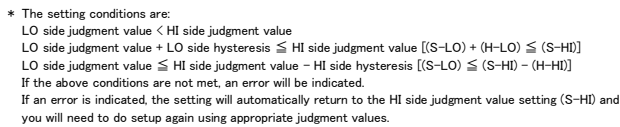


7-7-2. Example of Scaling Setup



7-8-1. Action of The Judgment

HI side judgment value	: 900
HI hysteresis value	: 0
LO side judgment value	: 300
LO hysteresis value	: 0



Multi-display	Single display
<p>Measurement</p> <div style="text-align: center; border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> 1234 1000 500 </div> <p style="text-align: center;">↓ [E] + [M]</p> <div style="text-align: center; border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> cond </div> <p style="text-align: center;">↓ [D]</p> <div style="text-align: center; border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> con </div> <p style="text-align: center;">↓ [M]</p> <div style="text-align: center; border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> 1000 S-HI </div> <p style="text-align: center;">↓ [M]</p> <div style="text-align: center; border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> 0900 S-HI </div> <p style="text-align: center;">↓ [M]</p> <div style="text-align: center; border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> .500 S-Lo </div> <p style="text-align: center;">↓ [M]</p> <div style="text-align: center; border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> 0300 S-Lo </div> <p style="text-align: center;">↓ [M]</p> <div style="text-align: center; border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> 0 H-HI </div> <p style="text-align: center;">↓ [M]</p> <div style="text-align: center; border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> 0200 H-HI </div> <p style="text-align: center;">↓ [M]</p> <div style="text-align: center; border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> 0 H-Lo </div> <p style="text-align: center;">↓ [M]</p> <div style="text-align: center; border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> 0 150 H-Lo </div> <p style="text-align: center;">↓ [M]</p> <div style="text-align: center; border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> 1234 1000 500 </div> <p style="text-align: center;">Return to setup of HI side judgment value.</p>	<p>Measurement</p> <div style="text-align: center; border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> 1234 </div> <p style="text-align: center;">↓ [E] + [M]</p> <div style="text-align: center; border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> cond </div> <p style="text-align: center;">↓ [D]</p> <div style="text-align: center; border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> con </div> <p style="text-align: center;">↓ [M]</p> <div style="text-align: center; border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> S-HI </div> <p style="text-align: center;">↓ [M]</p> <div style="text-align: center; border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> 1000 </div> <p style="text-align: center;">↓ [M]</p> <div style="text-align: center; border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> 0900 </div> <p style="text-align: center;">↓ [M]</p> <div style="text-align: center; border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> S-Lo </div> <p style="text-align: center;">↓ [M]</p> <div style="text-align: center; border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> .500 </div> <p style="text-align: center;">↓ [M]</p> <div style="text-align: center; border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> 0300 </div> <p style="text-align: center;">↓ [M]</p> <div style="text-align: center; border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> H-HI </div> <p style="text-align: center;">↓ [M]</p> <div style="text-align: center; border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> 0 </div> <p style="text-align: center;">↓ [M]</p> <div style="text-align: center; border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> 0200 </div> <p style="text-align: center;">↓ [M]</p> <div style="text-align: center; border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> H-Lo </div> <p style="text-align: center;">↓ [M]</p> <div style="text-align: center; border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> 0 </div> <p style="text-align: center;">↓ [M]</p> <div style="text-align: center; border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> 0 150 </div> <p style="text-align: center;">↓ [M]</p> <div style="text-align: center; border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> 1234 </div> <p style="text-align: center;">Return to measurement operation.</p>

- ① During measurement, press the Mode key while pressing the Enter key.

- ② Press the Shift key several times to indicates the Comparator data menu (COM).

- ③ Press the Mode key several times to select the parameter you want to set. (S-HI)

- ④ For single display, press the Mode key to indicates the parameter contents.

- ⑤ Shift key (Change digit) and Increment key (Change value) change the setting value. (Example: 900)
 * The decimal point of the selected digit will flash.

- ⑥ Press the Mode Key to switch to the next parameter.

- ⑦ Shift key (Change digit) and Increment key (Change value) change the setting value. (Example: 300)
 * The decimal point of the selected digit will flash.

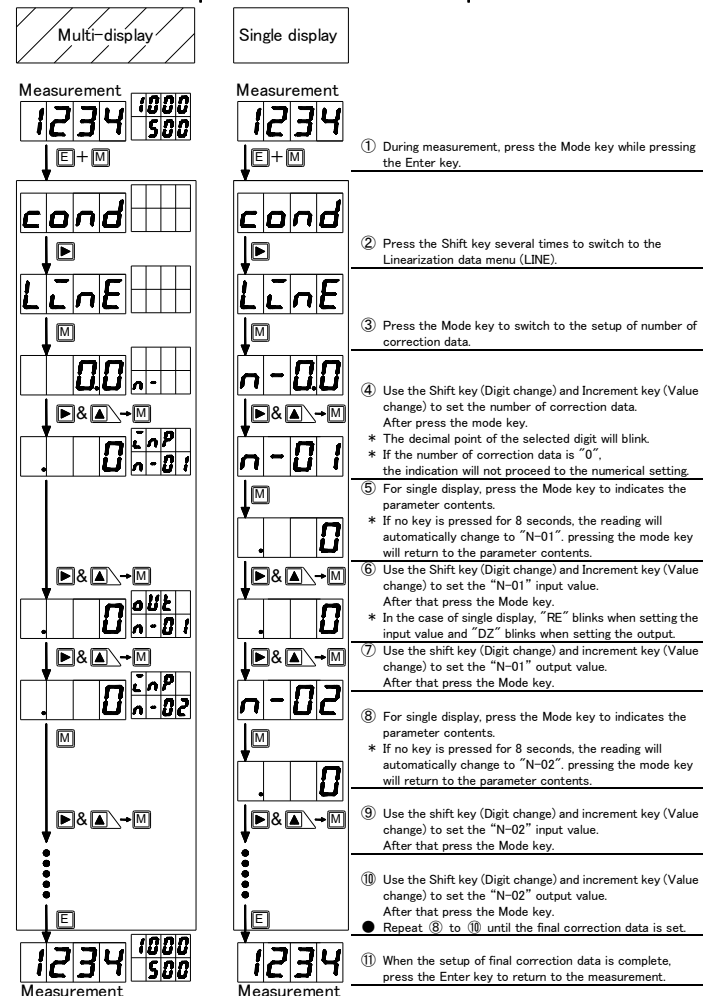
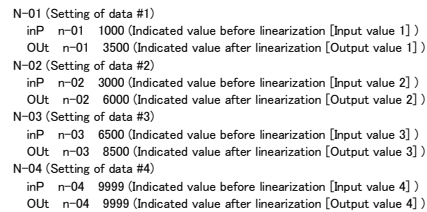
- ⑧ Press the Mode key to switch to the next parameter.

- ⑨ Shift key (Change digit) and increment key (Change value) change the setting value. (Example: 200)
 * The decimal point of the selected digit will flash.

- ⑩ Press the Mode key to switch to the next parameter.

- ⑪ Shift key (Change digit) and increment key (Change value) change the setting value. (Example: 150)
 * The decimal point of the selected digit will flash.

- ⑫ Press the Enter key to return to the measurement. (Press the Mode key to return to the HI value judgment value setup (S-HI).)
 * If the power is turned off before returning to measurement operation, the parameter is not set.



7-10-1. How to Set Actual Load Calibration

The figure compares two methods for data entry and calculation on a calculator interface.

Multi-display method:

- Measurement:** The display shows 1234 and 500.
- Calculation:** The user enters $E \div D \times A$. The display shows $\frac{E}{D} \times A$.
- Result:** The display shows 9000 and SPAN.
- Annotation:** "Press the Enter key to return to the measurement" (indicated by an arrow from the result to the measurement display).
- Result:** The display shows 8000 and SPAN.
- Annotation:** "Press Enter key to return to measurement. Only the zero input value is set. The span input value is not set." (indicated by an arrow from the result to the measurement display).
- Measurement:** The display shows 1234 and 500.

Single display method:

- Measurement:** The display shows 1234.
- Calculation:** The user enters $E \div D \times A$. The display shows $\frac{E}{D} \times A$.
- Result:** The display shows 9000.
- Annotation:** "Press Enter key to return to measurement. Only the zero input value is set. The span input value is not set." (indicated by an arrow from the result to the measurement display).
- Result:** The display shows 8000.
- Annotation:** "Press Enter key to return to measurement. Only the zero input value is set. The span input value is not set." (indicated by an arrow from the result to the measurement display).
- Measurement:** The display shows 1234.

- * During actual load calibration, "Err5" may be indicated if no input is made.

-
- Figure 1 illustrates the sequence of operations for Multi-display and Single display modes. The diagram shows two vertical flows of calculator screen states connected by arrows.
- Multi-display mode sequence:**
- Measurement: 1234, 1000/500
 - Screen: cAL 1
 - Screen: cAL 2
 - Screen: Er o
 - Screen: 0000
 - Screen: 0004
 - Screen: 2000
 - Screen: 1002
 - Screen: 9000
 - Screen: 2000
 - Screen: 1234, 1000/500 (Measurement)
- Single display mode sequence:**
- Measurement: 1234
 - Screen: cAL 1
 - Screen: cAL 2
 - Screen: Er o
 - Screen: 0000
 - Screen: 0004
 - Screen: SP L n
 - Screen: 2000
 - Screen: 1002
 - Screen: SP R n
 - Screen: 9000
 - Screen: 2000
 - Screen: 1234 (Measurement)
- A note in the Multi-display column states: "When you press the mode key, the zero input value is automatically set, so be sure to set it under no load conditions."

7-11-1. Low Cut Setup

Figure 1 illustrates the comparison between Multi-display and Single display modes. The Multi-display mode shows a sequence of screens for parameter measurement, including 'cond', 'opt', 'LcUt', and 'S', with various function keys (E, M, A) and a 'Next parameter' label. The Single display mode shows a similar sequence but with a 'Next parameter' label at the bottom.

The diagram illustrates the sequence of operations for the Multi-display and Single display modes. It shows the progression from a measurement to parameter settings and back to a measurement.

Multi-display mode:

- Measurement:** 1234, 1000, 500
- Parameter Setting:** cond, opt, off, on
- Unit Display:** n, Hz, n, Hz

Single display mode:

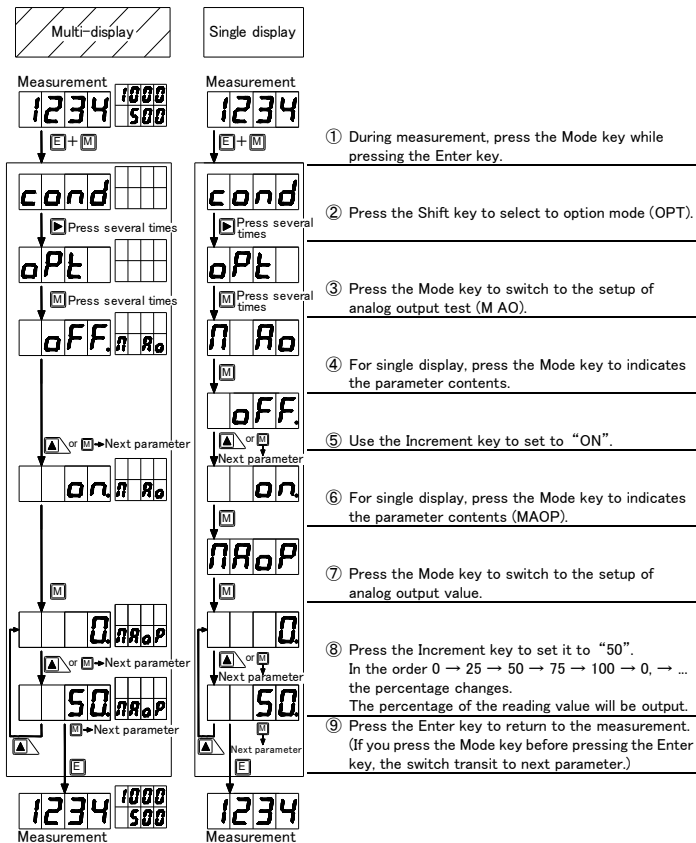
- Measurement:** 1234, 1000, 500
- Parameter Setting:** cond, opt, off, on
- Unit Display:** n, Hz, n, Hz

IM-1051-02

7-11-3. Analog Output Test (With Analog Output)

- * If the analog output setting is set to "OFF" in the condition data, the Analog output test setting will not be set to "ON".
- * Output is within the range set in the condition data.

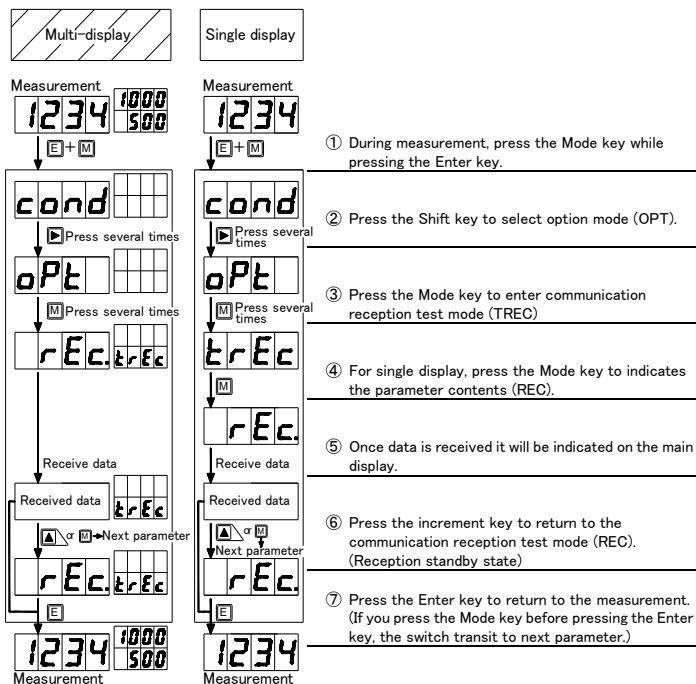
Below is how to set the analog output to "50%".



- * When you exit the output value (%) indication, the analog output test will turn off and return to the original output value.

7-11-4. Communication Reception Test (With Communication Function (RS-232C/RS-485))

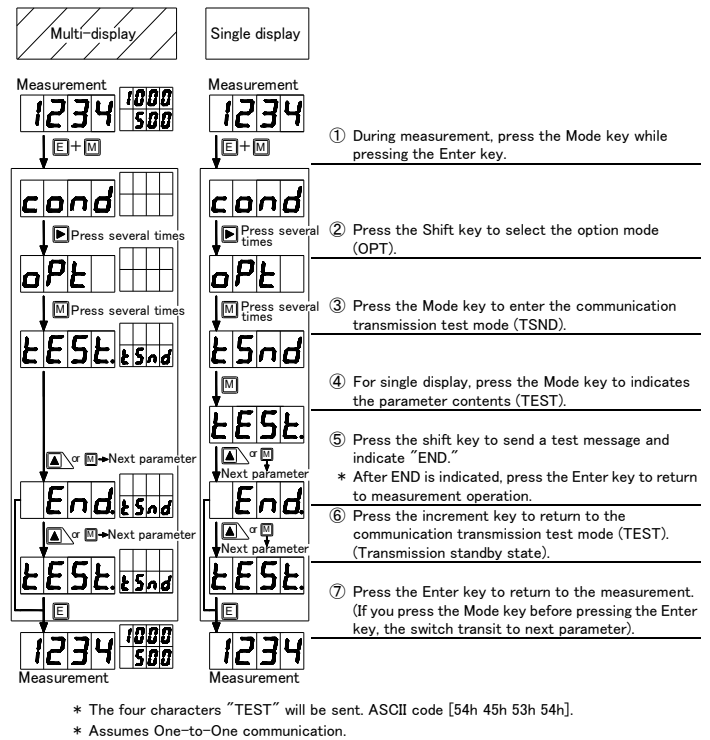
The below is how to perform a communication reception test.



- * The received data is indicated as is in four digits.
Example: When the string "AB" is received
If the ASCII code for A is 41h (Hexadecimal) and the ASCII code for B is 42h (Hexadecimal), it will indicate "4142" on the main display.

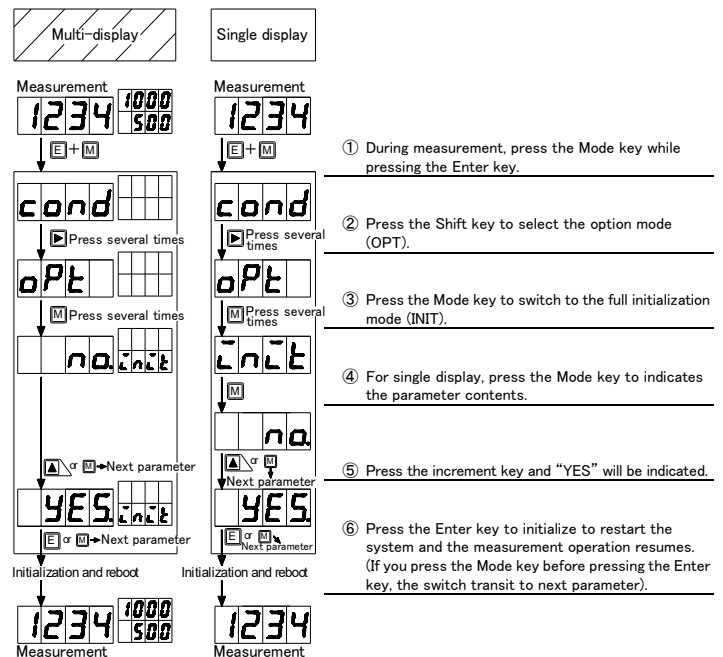
7-11-5. Communication Transmission Test (With Communication Function (RS-232C/RS-485))

The below is how to perform a communication transmission test.



7-11-6. Full Initialization (Factory Default Load)

This operation initializes all values of setup.



8. OTHER FEATURES

8-1. Monitor Mode

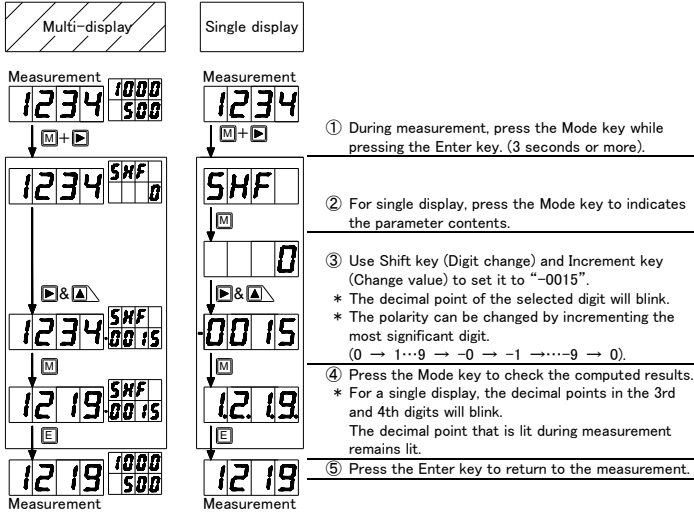
- This mode can indicate the max, min, (max - min), and input value on the display.
- Each mode will be indicated by pressing the Enter key (E) and the Increment key (▲) at the same time.
- To return to the normal display, press the Enter key (E).
- The mode in which it is indicated is determined by the previous indication state of this mode.
- (If the power is turned off, the indication mode will return to the max value the next time the power is turned on.)
- To switch between modes, press and hold the Shift key (▶) for about 1 second.
- The max, min and (max - min) are always saved in the memory for the measurement results.
- This data can be cleared using the Increment key (▲).

8-2. Indication Shift Function

This function arbitrarily shifts the indication without changing the slope of the input signal.

* To disable the indication shift function, set to "0".

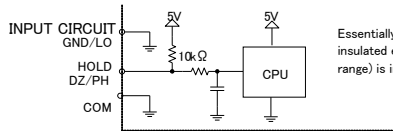
The below is how to set the indicated value to be shifted by "-15".



9. CONTROL FUNCTIONS

9-1. About Control Functions

It has hold, Digital Zero and peak hold controls.



Essentially the input and external control have not insulated each other. Exceptionally AC current input (26 range) is insulated because it uses a current transducer.

9-2. Hold Function

Hold function

: This function can hold the indication.

By shorting the HOLD terminal and the COM terminal or setting them to the same potential, the function will be turned on and hold the indication given at the moment.

9-3. Digital Zero Function

Digital Zero function

: A function that sets the reading at any given point to zero and then indication the range of fluctuation from that point.

* The Digital Zero function can be turned on/off by using terminal control or front key operation. Operation with the control terminals takes priority over operation with the front panel keys. (When the front key is turned ON, if the control terminal is turned as OFF→ON→OFF, the function will be disabled.)

9-3-1. Terminal Control

When the DZ terminal and COM terminal are short-circuited or set at the same potential, the Digital Zero function is ON. This causes the display shown at that point to be zero.

9-3-2. Front Key Control

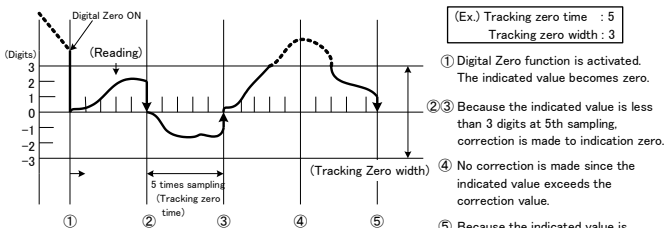
If the Increment key is pressed for about 1 second with the Mode key held down, the display shown at the point becomes zero.

If the two keys are pressed for about 1 second again, the function will be OFF.

9-3-3. Tracking Zero

Tracking zero function

: This function automatically corrects the movement of the zero point digitally and internally. Operation starts from the point when the Digital Zero function is enabled. Correction is made according to the values set by tracking zero time setup and tracking zero width in the condition data.



9-4. Peak Hold Function

Peak hold function

: By controlling from the external control terminal, it holds the max (Peak)/ min (Valley)/max - min (Peak/Valley) and outputs according to the value.

Switching of max (Peak hold) / min (Valley hold) / max - min (Peak/Valley hold) is set according to condition data. The peak hold function is enabled by shorting the PH terminal and the COM terminal or setting them to the same potential.

10. VARIOUS OUTPUT FUNCTIONS

10-1. Comparison Output Function (Optional Output Specification)

It is possible to set two judgment values, HI and LO, for the measurement value (Reading value) and output the judgment result via relay contacts.

10-2. Analog Output Function (Optional Output Specification)

It is possible to output an analog signal corresponding to the displayed value.

There are four types of output: 0-1V/0-10V/1-5V/4-20mA and switching can be done by setting the condition data. Arbitrary output scaling is possible by setting the reading value when outputting the full-scale side (20mA when outputting 4 to 20mA), as "AOHI" of the scaling data.

10-3. RS-485 Function (Optional Output Specification)

RS-485 communication is possible.

For details on the RS-485 function, see 13-4-3 Communication specifications.

10-4. RS-232C Function (Optional Output Specification)

RS-232C communication is possible.

For details on the RS-232C function, see 13-4-3 Communication specifications.

11. ERROR MESSAGES

This describes the inspection points, remedies, etc. taken if abnormal indications or erroneous operating conditions occur.

	Indication	Error description	Remedy
1	dAtB	Internal memory error (DAT8). ←Either one segment is lit at the lowest digit	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If this does not solve the problem, contact your sales representative or our sales department directly.
2	c.o.n.d.	Condition data error (C.O.N.D.)	Set condition data again.
3	c.o.n.	Comparator data error (C.O.M.)	Set comparator data again.
4	NE.t.	Scaling data error (MET.)	Set scaling data again.
5	L.c.n.E.	Linearization data error (LINE)	Set linearization data again.
6	c.A.L.	Calibration data error (CAL)	Set calibration data again.
7	S.H.F.t.	Shift data error (SHFT)	Set shift data again by the shift function.
8	d.z.	Digital Zero value backup data error (D. Z.)	Write Digital Zero value again.
9	99.87	An input value or indicated value has exceeded the measurable range during peak hold action. (All decimal points blink)	Cancel peak hold action once.
10	oL - oL	An input value or indicated value has exceeded the measurable range. (OL, -OL)	Use the meter within the measurement range and indication range of a specified range.
11	uARt	Waiting for input. (WAIT)	If setup is modified while hold or peak hold is ON, cancel the relevant action once.

CAUTION

If items 1 to 6 are indicated frequently, it is likely due to noise or other factors. Please take appropriate countermeasures against noise.

12. LED INDICATION

Since a 7-segment display is used for the indication section, numbers and letters are indicated as shown in the table below.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	-
A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V
W	X	Y	Z							

13. SPECIFICATIONS

13-1. Input Specifications

Load cell measurement unit (Strain gauge) (17)

Sensor power	Zero adjusting range	Span adjusting range	Measurement range	Highest resolution	Accuracy (23°C±5°C)
5V	-0.3 to +1.0mV/V	1.0 to 3.0mV/V	0 to 3mV/V	0.5uV/digit	±(0.1%fs + 2digit)
10V				1uV/digit	

- Input circuit : Single ended type
- Operation method : $\Delta \Sigma$ conversion
- Conformity sensor : 350 Ω
- Sensor power : 5V $\pm 5\%$ (within 15mA) or 10V $\pm 5\%$ (within 30mA)
- Sampling speed : Max 80 ms (12.5 times/sec)

13-2. Common Specifications

- Display : 7-segment LED display (Character height: Main display: 14.2 mm, Sub display: 8 mm)
- Indication update cycle : Approx. 80 ms (12.5 times/sec) * Depends on sampling speed.
- Polarity indication : Automatically indicated when the calculated result is negative.
- Indication range : -9999 to 9999
- Over-range alarm : OL or -OL for input signals outside the indication range.
- Decimal point : Can be set to any digit
- Zero indication : Leading zero suppression (Leading zeros are hidden)
- Low cut : Setting range: 0000 (Default) to 9999
- Digital Zero backup : 100,000 times guaranteed about writing to EEPROM
- Operating temperature and humidity range : 0 to 50°C 35 to 85%RH (Non-condensing)
- Storage temperature and humidity range : -10 to 70°C, 60% RH or less
- Power input : 100 to 240V AC $\pm 10\%$ for AC power (50/60Hz)
9 to 60V DC for DC power
- Power consumption : 100VAC $\pm 10\%$ 7VAm_{ax}, 240VAC $\pm 10\%$ 12VAm_{ax} for AC power supply
7Wmax for DC power supply
- External dimensions : 96mm(W) \times 48mm(H) \times 146.5mm(D)
* Depth (D) is the max when the connector is connected.
- Mass : Approx. 450g
- Withstand voltage (AC power) : 3000V AC for 1min. between power terminal and input terminal, and between power terminals and each output terminal.
- Withstand voltage (DC power) : 500V DC for 1min. between power terminal and input terminal, and between power terminal and each output terminal.
- Withstand voltage (common) : 500V DC for 1min. between input terminal and each output terminal, and between analog output terminal and communication terminal, and between each comparison output terminal.
- Insulation resistance : 3000V AC for 1 min. between the case and each terminal.
- Compliance directive : DC500 V more than 100 M Ω at the above terminals.
EMC Directive 2014/30/EU
Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU (AC power specifications only)
RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU (EU)2015/863 (10 substances)
(Applicable when input/output lines are 30m or less)
* Applies to products with the CE mark on the label
- Fuse : 1.0A at AC power
1.6A at DC power
- Case material : Black polycarbonate resin UL94 V-2
- Standard accessories : Unit label
- Compatible accessories : Front panel cover (WP, WP-3) (sold separately)
- Location of installation : Indoor use
- Vibration resistance : 10 to 55Hz, single amplitude 0.15mm, X, Y, Z directions 30 minutes
- Rated Altitude : Up to 2000m
- Installation category : II (AC power only)
- Pollution degree : 2

13-3. External Control Specifications

- Number of input points : 3 points
- Control function : **■**HOLD
 • The indicated value at the start of the instruction is retained.
■Digital Zero (DZ)
 • Indications the range of fluctuation from the start of the instruction.
 * Tracking zero can be set.
 * When operating via the control terminal or the front keys, the control terminal takes priority.
■Peak hold (PH)
 • You can choose peak hold (Max hold), valley hold (Min hold), and peak and valley hold. (Hold the difference between max and min values).
- Voltage of opened terminal : Approx. 5V
- Current of shorted circuit : Approx. 500uA
- Insulation : Not isolated from the input terminal. The input LO terminal and the external control COM terminal are at the same potential.

13-4. Output Specifications (Optional Output)

13-4-1. Comparison Output

Conditions for comparison					Judging result
		Upper limit judgment value	<	Indicated value	HI
Lower limit judgment value	\leq	Indicated value	\leq	Upper limit judgment value	GO
Indicated value	<	Lower limit judgment value			LO

- Control system : Microcomputer operating system
- Judgment value setup range : -9999 to 9999
- Hysteresis : Each judgment value can be set in the range of 1 to 999 digits.
- Operating speed : Depends on sampling rate.
- Output method : Relay contact output (Make and break contacts for HI and LO and make contacts for GO)
- Output rating : AC240V 8A (Resistive load), DC30V 8A (Resistive load)
- Mechanical life : 20,000,000 times or more
- Electrical life : 50,000 times or more (Resistive load)
- Minimum applicable load : 5VDC 100mA Reference value (Contact material: an alloy of gold-flashed silver and tin-oxide)
- Output test : Possible depending on the settings

13-4-2. Analog Output

Output type	Load resistance	Accuracy (23°C±5°C, 35 to 85%RH)	Ripple
0 to 1V	10k Ω or more	$\pm(0.2\%fs)$	$\pm 50mVp-p$
0 to 10V			
1 to 5V			
4 to 20mA	550 Ω or less		$\pm 25mVp-p$

* 4 to 20mA ripple is at load resistance of 250 Ω and output of 20mA

- Conversion system : PWM conversion
- Resolution : Equivalent to 13 bits
- Scaling : Digital scaling
- Response speed : Approx. 0.5 seconds (0% \rightarrow 90%)
- Output test : Possible by setting (0% / 25% / 50% / 75% / 100%)

- * If the indicated value exceeds the value set in "AOH", the output will be extended up to the output limit. However, if the set value of "AOH" is "9999", the excess indicates OL(Overload), so the value will also exceed the limit.
- * If the analog output and the reading are scaled in the opposite direction, the analog output will exceed the limit as shown below.

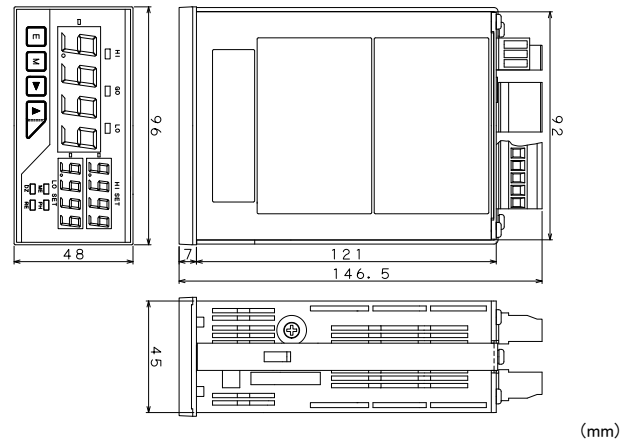
Scale setup		Too little input		Excessive input	
Indication	Analog output	Indication	Analog output	Indication	Analog output
Forward	Forward	-OL	Downward swing	OL	Upward swing
Forward	Reverse	-OL	Upward swing	OL	Downward swing
Reverse	Forward	OL	Upward swing	-OL	Downward swing
Reverse	Reverse	OL	Downward swing	-OL	Upward swing

13-4-3. Communication Function

	RS-232C	RS-485	Select
Synchronization system	Start and stop synchronization		
Communication system	Full duplex	Two wire half duplexes (Polling and selecting system)	
Communication rate	38400bps / 19200bps / 9600bps (Default) / 4800bps / 2400bps		<input type="radio"/>
Start bit	1bit		
Data length	7bit (Default) / 8bit		<input type="radio"/>
Error detection (parity bit)	Even parity (Default) / Odd parity / No parity		<input type="radio"/>
	BCC (Block Check Character) checksum		
Stop bit	1bit / 2bit (Default)		<input type="radio"/>
Character code	ASCII Code		
Communication control procedure	No procedure		
Signal name used	TXD, RXD, SG	Non-inverted (+), inverted (-)	
Number of connectable units	1 unit	Max 31 units	
Line length	15m	Up to 500m (Network total) * Less than 30m if CE compliant	
Delimiter	CR+LF (Default) / CR		<input type="radio"/>

- * For details on the communication function's send/receive format and commands, please refer to the separate communication User's manual.

13-5. External Dimensions



14. WARRANTY

14-1. Warranty Period

The warranty period for this product is one year from the date of delivery.

14-2. Warranty Coverage

If a malfunction occurs within the warranty period due to reasons attributable to our company, we will provide a replacement product or take custody of the malfunctioning product free of charge. However, if the cause of the malfunction falls under any of the following, it will be excluded from the scope of coverage.

- 1) If the product is used outside the range of conditions, environments, and handling specified in this manual.
 - 2) When the structure, performance, specifications, etc. have been modified or repaired by anyone other than our company.
 - 3) If the cause is other than this product.
 - 4) They are causes that could not have been foreseen with the level of science and technology at the time of shipment by our company.
 - 5) Other causes beyond our control, such as natural disasters, disasters, or force majeure.
- Please note that the warranty here is limited to this product alone and does not cover any secondary damages induced by failure or defects of this product.

14-3. Responsible Authority

We shall not be liable under any circumstances for any damages arising from this product.

Note: Please note that the contents of this manual may be changed without notice.

15. EXPLANATION OF TERMS

Step wide function	By forcibly changing the resolution of the least significant digit, it suppresses the indication drifts etc.
Indication blank function	It adjusts the indication brightness.
Digital Zero backup function	When the Digital Zero (DZ) terminal is turned ON, the value at that point is set to zero and it is written to the EEPROM (Non-volatile memory). Next time, if the Digital Zero (DZ) terminal is set to ON and you operate the device, the written value will be valid.
Linearization function	It can correct the linear relationship between the input value and the indicated value at any point and change the slope. * Linearization setup of condition data sets whether to use the linearization function. For setup instructions, see 7-9. linearization data. If the linearization data is not set, the setting value of condition data "ON" is not indicated.
Tracking zero function	It automatically corrects minute offsets in the indicated value over time. A judgment is made at each set time, and if the indicated value is within $0 \pm (\text{Setting value})$, an offset correction is performed and the indicated value becomes 0. If you set it to "0", the tracking zero function will be "OFF". Tracking zero only works when the Digital Zero function is active. In this case, it will operate automatically when the Digital Zero function starts.
Power On Delay function	When the power is turned on, operation is suspended for a certain period of time. When it is stopped, all indications will show " - - - - ". Segment check → Delay time → Unit No. indication → Measurement operation
Protecting function	It restrict changes of all parameters except condition data. Optional settings are also excluded.
Unit number indication setup	When the power is turned on, the installed unit number is indicated. (Unit: Input/Output specification)
Actual load calibration	Actual load calibration means that calibration is carried out by applying actually measured pressure to a sensor such as a load cell connected to the meter.
equivalent calibration	Equivalent calibration means that calibration is carried out according to the ratings (Specifications) of such a sensor as a load cell.

watanabe
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